

## Weekly Weather Crop Report

Mississippi Agricultural Statistics Service

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In cooperation with

Mississippi Department of Agriculture and Commerce

Week Ending August 29, 2004

According to the Mississippi Agricultural Statistics Service, there were 4.1 days suitable for fieldwork for the week ending August 29, 2004. Harvesting activities were hampered by the precipitation that arrived in the state over the weekend. Warmer temperatures have helped cotton growth with farmers hoping for decent returns once harvesting begins in a few weeks. Warm season forages continue to be harvested with seed bed preparation for winter forages already taking place. Soil moisture was rated 1 percent very short, 14 percent short, 75 percent adequate and 10 percent surplus.

F	Con	Conditions in Percentages								
Item	Event	This Week	Last Week	2003	5-Yr Avg	Very Poor	Poor	Fair	Good	Excellent
	Dent	99	99	99	99		3	16	47	33
Corn	Mature	97	90	84	90	1				
Com	Harvested	56	40	35	50	] '				
	Silage Harvested	98	96	99	94					
Cotton	Setting Bolls	100	100	99	100	2	7	23	48	20
Collon	Open Bolls	39	22	38	59		′	23	40	20
	Heading	100	100	99	97				57	
Rice	Mature	60	40	44	48	0	1	11		31
	Harvested	11	3	12	9					
	Turning Color	100	97	99	99		1	17	68	14
Sorghum	Mature	90	75	82	85	0				
-	Harvested	45	24	29	40					
	Setting Pods	100	100	100	100					
Soybeans	Turning Color	78	70	58	58	1	4	13	47	35
Soybeans	Shedding Leaves	62	50	41	41	∥ '		13		
-	Harvested	38	25	22	14					
Hay (Warm Season) Harvested		76	74	86	83	5	18	25	40	12
Sweetpotatoes						1	8	37	44	10
Cattle						3	7	16	57	17
<u>Pasture</u>	4	10	19	54	13					

## **County Agent Comments**

٠.	Rains and	l cloud	ly weath	er continue	to impe	de	harvest and	l t	he maturing of co	otton.'	,

— Jerry Singleton, Leflore

- Houston Therrell, Rankin

— Lamar Adams, Walthall

<sup>&</sup>quot;Cooler weather has slowed forage growth. Armyworms have decreased in intensity on hay fields and pastures. Recent rains should make soil preparation for winter forages much easier."

<sup>&</sup>quot;Soil conditions remain too dry to support satisfactory plant growth. Fall armyworm pressure in pastures is very high with many acres of grass being destroyed. Many producers are electing not to spend the dollars necessary for insecticide treatments as they often fail to provide satisfactory control."

"Rainfall has been spotty and very isolated in areas. Producers badly need rainfall to help improve pasture land used for grazing. Vegetable producers are in need of rainfall to provide the boost needed for fall vegetable production."
— Florieda K. Mason, Perry
"Rain is spotty. We have had scattered showers, and some areas have received adequate moisture, while others are a bit short."
— Judith Breland, Stone
"The scattered rains that fell this week were badly needed. Sweetpotatoes and soybeans needed water to finish out. Corn and soybean harvest are under way with respectable yields being cut. Almost all cotton fields are reddish/purple and suffering. Several viral diseases are being seen in cotton as well."
— Dr. Bill Burdine, Chickasaw
"Rain Saturday stopped all harvesting. Rice yield reports have been good. A few leaves have been knocked off of cotton, but very few."
— Don Respess, Bolivar
"It had been dry in most areas of the county until we received rain over the weekend. Cotton growth and development is slower than normal. Corn and soybean harvest should start soon."
— Melvin Oatis, Benton
"The rains have slowed bean harvest, but we were back on track by Wednesday. We should meet August delivery. The next question will be if the rainy spell will cause any seed quality issues later."
— Stephen R. Winters, Grenada
"Periodic rainfall delayed corn and soybean harvest. Most cotton is cutting out and early planted cotton should be safe from tarnished plant bug and bollworm/budworm damage."
— Jay Phelps, Pontotoc
"Harvest resumed Tuesday after rainfall last week. Most all yields are reported as good to excellent. Cotton is opening, but no defoliation has taken place."
— Tommy Baird, Sunflower
"Soybean and corn harvesting were going well until scattered heavy rains started in some areas last week. Since that time, harvesting has been very scattered. Corn fields are beginning to lodge as a result of rains, poor stalk strength, and disease; timely harvesting is critical in order to salvage normal yields this year. Rains and warmer weather have been beneficial to cotton, giving hope that later fields may have a fair chance to mature."
— Ernest Flint, Attala
"Harvesting of soybeans have come to a halt because of the scattered heavy rains we have received over the last week. The warm weather and rain have been great for cotton, giving hope that the later fields will produce the needed yield."
— Kay Emmons, Montgomery
"Corn harvest has slowed down due to the recent rains. Yields are running about 25 bu/acre above our all-time county high. Soybean harvest is going slow due to the rain last week but yields are running above normal. We still are treating for stink bugs in our later planted soybeans."
— Dr. Dennis B. Reginelli, Noxubee
"Harvesting of Group IV soybeans is under way. Corn harvest started toward the end of the week until rain late on Saturday afternoon stopped the harvest."

"Hot weather and humid conditions persist. We have received thunderstorms in some part of the county every day. Lots of hay is being put up. Cotton and peanuts continue to look good. There is some resurgence of interest in harvesting grass seed; however, some harvested seed are light weight."

— Mark Mowdy, Franklin

— Lee Taylor, Forrest

"Rains early in the week delayed field operations, but were welcomed by those planting Some fall field operations were delayed, but they will resume this week."	g winter grazing crops.							
	— Victor Lee, Newton							
"Warm season forages continue to be harvested. Corn is now being harvested. Seed because planting winter forages. Deer hunters are going full speed planting wildlife food plots."	d preparation began for							
— Aller	n McReynolds, Wayne							
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Additional comments appear on the Internet at: http://www.nass.usda.gov/ms/cwyears.htm								
This publication is part of a series that first began in 1872 and has been continuously published since. In Mississippi, this report is a result of the cooperative efforts of:								

U.S. Department of Agriculture Mississippi Cooperative Extension Service Dr. Joseph H. McGilberry, Director Weather Summary from August 23, 2004 to August 29, 2004 for Mississippi

_		Air Temperature				Precipitation				4 Tei	Avg			
	District/Station	Max	Min	Avg	Norm	DFN	One Week	DFN	Rain Days	Four Weeks	Max	Min	Avg	Pan Evap
1.	Upper Delta Charleston				78		2.37	+1.65	2	5.19				
	Cleveland Tunica				79 78		1.56 0.95	+1.18 +0.40	2 1	2.59 1.40				0.29
	Extreme/Average				79		1.63	+1.07	2	3.06				0.29
2.	North-Central Hickory Flat	90	64	79	77	+2	0.61	-0.23	2	1.98				
	Calhoun City	90	67	79	78	+1	1.74	+1.02	4	4.01				
	Independence Oxford	90 92	63 65	79 81	78 77	+1 +4	2.67 1.46	+1.97 +0.67	4	3.54 2.20				
	Extreme/Average	92	63	79	78	+1	1.62	+0.88	3	2.93				
3.	Northeast Booneville	91	66	78	77	+1	1.19	+0.42	5	2.00				
	luka	91	59	75 75	77 75	0	7.43	+6.56	4	8.78				
	Ripley	90	62	77 78	77	0	0.75	+0.08	2	2.23				
	Tupelo Verona	92	66	70	79		1.96 1.82	+0.90	3 4	3.58 2.82				0.20
	Extreme/Average	92	59	77	78	-1	2.83	+2.09	4	4.15				
4.	Lower Delta Moorhead	98	70	84	80	+4	0.35	-0.18	3	1.79				
	Rolling Fork	95	69	83	80	+3	0.71	+0.15	2	1.37	98	77	85	0.00
	Stoneville Yazoo City	93 94	70 68	82 81	80 81	+2 0	1.20 0.79	+0.75 +0.09	2	2.14 2.61	99	78	86	0.23
_	Extreme/Áverage	98	68	83	80	+3	0.76	+0.20	3	1.98	99	77	86	0.23
5.	Central Canton				80		1.01	+0.36	3	2.91				
	Carthage	92	68	79	79	0	3.70	+2.93	3	9.16				
	Lexington Eupora	92 92	67 65	79 79	78 78	+1 +1	1.55 1.76	+0.92 +1.07	3	3.06 4.28				
	Extreme/Average	92	65	79	79	0	2.34	+1.61	3	5.50				
6.	East-Central Aberdeen	91	69	79	78	+1	1.81	+1.15	5	2.69				0.13
	Houston	91	65	79	77	+2	0.49	-0.25	5	3.17				0.13
	Louisville State University	94	66	80	78 79	+1	2.28 3.19	+1.61 +2.46	5 5	3.85 3.53	85	78	81	0.17
	Extreme/Average	94	65	79	79 79	0	1.94	+1.20	5	3.31	85	78	81	0.17
7.	Southwest Crystal Springs	93	69	81	80	+1	0.09	-0.79	1	3.15	91	80	85	
	Natchez	93	69	81	80	+1	1.06	+0.15	4	1.20	91	00	00	
	Oakley	94 91	68 70	82 81	79	+3	0.46 0.48	-0.38	3 4	4.35 5.26	94	79	85	
	Vicksburg Extreme/Average	94	68	82	80	+2	0.40	-0.39	3	3.49	94	79	85	
8.	South-Central	02	60	00	70		0.60	0.00	0	1.60				
	Collins Columbia	93 94	69 70	82 83	79 80	+3 +3	0.69 1.05	-0.22 +0.07	2 1	1.63 6.09				
	Tylertown	93	72	82	80	+2	2.46	+1.48	2	7.80				
9.	Extreme/Average Southeast	94	69	82	80	+2	1.40	+0.42	2	5.17				
	Beaumont	95	70	81			2.27		4	3.00				
	Hattiesburg Laurel	94 93	71 70	82 81	81 80	+1 +1	0.49 2.41	-0.56 +1.50	3 4	3.26 5.80				
	Newton	93	64	79	79	0	1.72	+0.89	3	3.85	88	73	79	0.16
10	Extreme/Average ).Coastal	95	64	81	80	+1	1.72	+0.88	4	3.98	88	73	79	0.16
10	Bay St Louis				81		0.23	-1.08	1	2.67				
	Gulfport Poplarville	94 95	72 70	83 82	82 81	+1 +1	0.18 0.18	-1.14 -0.87	1	3.25 4.34	91	76	84	0.21
	Waveland	92	72	83	81	+2	0.00	-1.35	0	1.96				
<b>C</b> +	Extreme/Average ate	95 98	70 59	83 81	81 79	+2 +2	0.12 1.50	-1.16 +0.70	1 3	3.18 3.76	91 99	76 73	84 82	0.21 0.21
	EN - Departure from I		JJ	01	1 0	' -	1.00	. 0.70		5.70	99	13	02	0.21

DFN = Departure from Normal.